

## Microwave-assisted synthesis and anti-inflammatory activity evaluation of some novel $\alpha$ -aminophosphonates

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### ABSTRACT

An expeditious green synthetic approach was developed for the synthesis of  $\alpha$ -aminophosphonates in good yields through one-pot three-component reaction (Kabachnik-Fields reaction) of equimolar quantities of *N*-(4-amino-2-phenoxy phenyl)methanesulfonamide, diethylphosphite and various aldehydes under conventional as well as microwave irradiation methods. The newly synthesized compounds were characterized by NMR (<sup>1</sup>P, <sup>1</sup>H, and <sup>13</sup>C), mass, IR and C, H, N analyses. The synthesized compounds were screened for their anti-inflammatory activity using rat paw edema method. Most of the compounds from the series showed good anti-inflammatory activity when compared with standard drug. Especially the compounds **5d** bearing 4-hydroxy-3-nitrophenyl moiety, **5e** bearing 3-bromo-4-fluorophenyl moiety, **5g** incorporated with 2,4-dichlorophenyl moiety and **5f** containing 4-chlorophenyl moiety exhibiting edema inhibition of 91.01% to 95.20% after 4 h of progeenan injection while the other compounds displayed inhibition  $\geq 75\%$ .

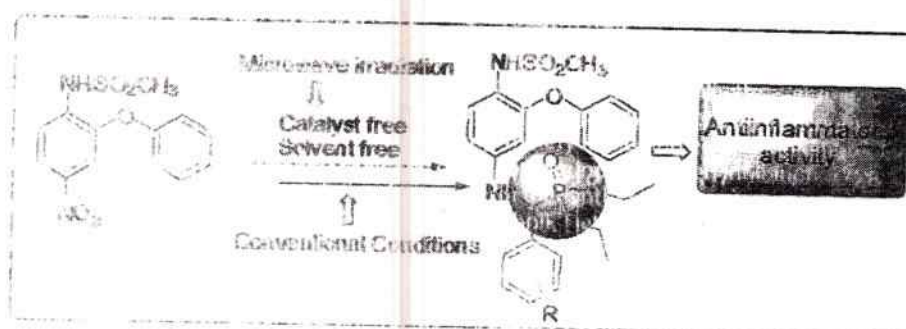
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### GRAPHICAL ABSTRACT



### Introduction

The area of drug discovery and drug development has experienced significant advances with the introduction of combinatorial chemistry approaches.<sup>1</sup> This innovative technology of producing libraries of structurally related compounds is particularly beneficial in the step of lead optimization. Lead optimization involves structural modifications of a "lead" compound that has demonstrated desired biological or pharmacological activities and/or reduce unwanted side effects.<sup>1</sup>

Cyclooxygenases (COX-1 and COX-2) have been introduced as novel targets for anti-inflammatory and cancer treatment during the past few years.<sup>2</sup> At present, there is an increasing body of evidence stating that targeting COX enzymes, especially COX-2 isoform, is an effective move towards the prevention or treatment of inflammation and various types of cancers. Nimesulide is a relatively COX-2 selective, nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) with analgesic and antipyretic properties.<sup>3</sup> But

the continuous use of nimesulide can cause diarrhea, vomiting, skin rash, dizziness and bitterness in the mouth.<sup>3</sup> Hence there is a need for developing superior anti-inflammatories with a better safety profile.

The  $\alpha$ -aminophosphonates, structural analogues of natural amino acids have received widespread attention in medicinal, bioorganic and organic chemistry. They have been reported to show a wide range of biological activity including antitumor,<sup>4</sup> anti-inflammatory<sup>5</sup> and antibiotic<sup>6</sup> activities. They also used as food enzyme inhibitors,<sup>7</sup> herbicides,<sup>8</sup> peptide mimetics,<sup>9</sup> fungicides,<sup>10</sup> insecticides<sup>11</sup> and plant growth regulators.<sup>12</sup> The assortment of possibilities for the practical use of  $\alpha$ -aminophosphonates has stimulated considerable interest toward  $\alpha$ -aminophosphonate chemistry. Various synthetic protocols have been described for the synthesis of  $\alpha$ -aminophosphonates. The nucleophilic addition of phosphites to imines (Kabachnik-Fields reaction) represents a convenient route for their preparation. A variety of

